Outline of Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2024

November 14, 2024



Summary of Financial Results

	6 months ended Sep-24 Year on Year		 [Financial Highlights] Despite the impact of the increased burden of regular policy reserves related to an increase in new policies, net income 					
Net income	¥ 62.8bn	+ ¥ 12.4 bn + 24.7 %	increased by ¥ 12.4bn (+ 24.7%) year on year, as a result of an increase in investment income caused by an improvement in the market environment, etc.					
Adjusted profit	¥ 84.3bn	+ ¥ 33.7 bn + 66.6%	Adjusted profit that takes into account the impact of the increased burden of regular policy reserves in the first year of new policies significantly increased by ¥ 33.7bn (+ 66.6%) year on year to ¥ 84.3bn.					
	(Number)		\succ We have revised the financial results forecast for EY25/3					
New policies	521K policies	+ 267K policies + 105.1 %	upward, mainly due to an expected increase in investment income. Regarding shareholder returns, we have also decided to					
(Individual Insurance)	(Annualized premiums)		carry out acquisition of treasury stock not exceeding ¥ 35.0bn.					
Ň Ý	¥ 113.0bn	+ ¥ 67.7bn + 149.6%						
	(Number)		> The number of new policies for individual insurance continued to					
Policies in Force	19,362K policies	(338) K policies (1.7) %	increase significantly by 105.1% year on year.> Although the number of policies in force decreased by 338					
(Individual Insurance)	(Annualized premiums)	(, //	thousand policies $((1.7))$ (from the end of the previous fiscal					
(maintada medianec)	¥ 2,942.2bn	¥ (45.1) bn (1.5) %	year, the number of new-category policies in force remained largely unchanged, and we aim for a swift turnaround and					
			recovery in the new category.					
Value of new business	¥ 37.7bn	+ ¥ 31.0bn + 457.8%	 [Embedded Value] > The value of new business increased significantly by ¥ 31.0bn (+ 457.8%) year on year due to higher interest rates and an 					
		L X GO Jhn	increase of the number of new policies.					
EV	¥ 4,033.4bn	+ + 68.30N + 1.7%	 2.4 bn 4.7 % increased by ¥ 12.4bn (+ 24.7%) year on year, as a result on increase in investment income caused by an improvement in market environment, etc. Adjusted profit that takes into account the impact of the increased burden of regular policy reserves in the first year new policies significantly increased by ¥ 33.7bn (+ 66.6%) yon year to ¥ 84.3bn. We have revised the financial results forecast for FY25/3 upward, mainly due to an expected increase in investment income. Regarding shareholder returns, we have also decid carry out acquisition of treasury stock not exceeding ¥ 35.0b Details are stated on P14. Policies 7) % Although the number of policies in force decreased by 338 thousand policies ((1.7) %) from the end of the previous fisc year, the number of new-category policies in force remained largely unchanged, and we aim for a swift turnaround and recovery in the new category. Embedded Value] The value of new business increased significantly by ¥ 31.0 457.8%) year on year due to higher interest rates and an increase of the number of new policies. 					
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Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2024 (Year on Year)

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			_		(¥bn)
	6months ended Sep-23	6months ended Sep-24	Change	(Reference) Year ended Mar-24	
Ordinary income	3,113.9	2,943.4	(170.5)	6,744.1	
Insurance premiums and others	1,096.9	1,887.9	791.0	2,484.0	
Investment income	619.4	641.2	21.7	1,211.5	
Reversal of policy reserves	1,373.1	360.2	(1,012.8)	3,005.4	
Ordinary expenses	3,014.6	2,776.5	(238.0)	6,582.9	
Insurance claims and others	2,618.3	2,386.2	(232.0)	5,778.5	
Investment expenses	142.1	135.1	(7.0)	282.5	
Operating expenses etc ¹	254.1	254.9	0.8	521.6	
Ordinary profit	99.3	166.8	67.5	161.1	
Extraordinary gains and losses	7.0	(20.5)	(27.6)	15.9	
Provision of reserve for price fluctuations ²	7.0	(20.4)	(27.5)	16.1	
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	34.4	57.3	22.9	55.8	
Total income taxes	21.4	26.0	4.5	34.1	
Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance	50.4	62.8	12.4	87.0	
Adjusted Profit	50.6	84.3	33.7	97.6	

Note: Only major line items are shown.

1. Sum of Operating expenses and Other ordinary expenses.

2. Plus signs indicate reversals, while brackets () indicate provisions.

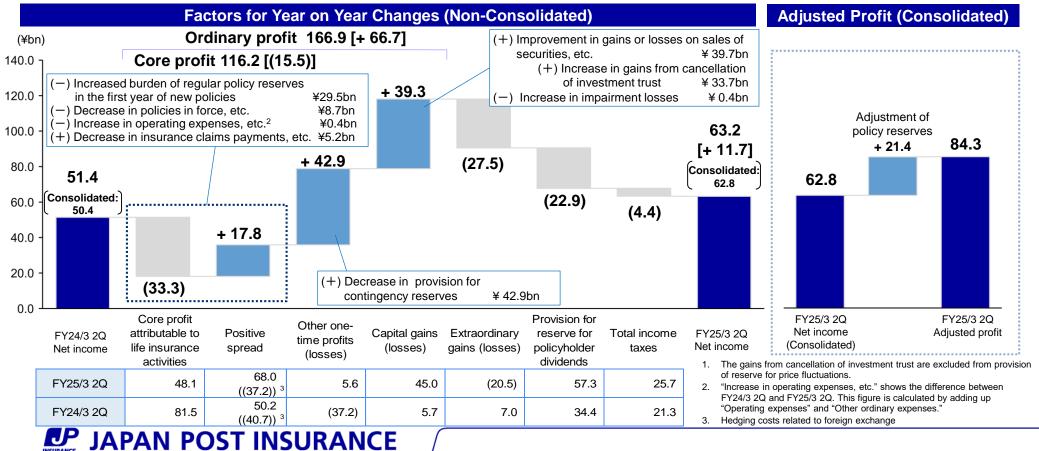
					(¥bn)
		6months ended Sep-23	6months ended Sep-24	Change	(Reference) Year ended Mar-24
С	ore profit	131.7	116.2	(15.5)	224.0
	Core profit attributable to life insurance activities	81.5	48.1	(33.3)	132.1
	Positive spread	50.2	68.0	17.8	91.8
	Hedging costs related to foreign exchange	(40.7)	(37.2)	3.5	(81.4)
N	et capital gains (losses)	5.7	45.0	39.3	10.0
	Gains from cancellation of investment trust	0.0	33.7	33.7	0.0
С	ther one-time profits (losses)	(37.2)	5.6	42.9	(71.5)
С	rdinary profit	100.2	166.9	66.7	162.5

Details of Ordinary Profit (Non-Consolidated)

(¥bn)

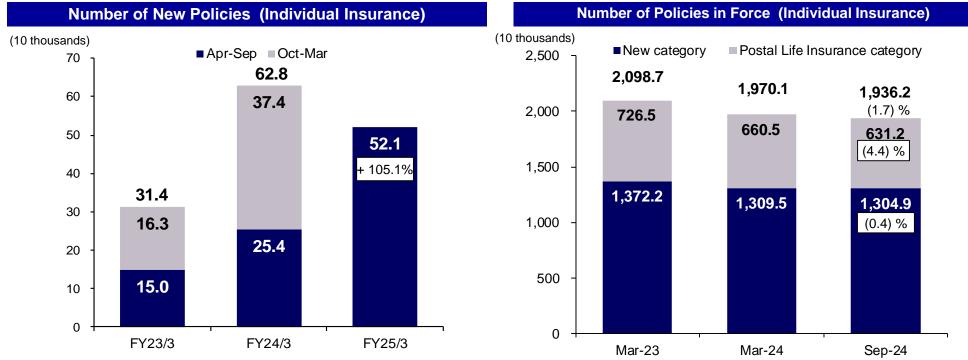
Factors for Year on Year Changes

- While the positive spread improved, core profit decreased year on year to ¥ 116.2bn due to the impact of an increase in the temporary cost related to an increase in new policies (the increased burden of regular policy reserves in the first year of new policies), mainly due to the sale of lump-sum payment whole life insurance policies, etc.
- Ordinary profit increased year on year to ¥ 166.9bn, as a result of an improvement in other one-time profits or losses resulting from the termination of excess provision for contingency reserves that had been implemented since FY21/3, and a significant improvement in capital gains or losses.
- Regarding capital gains or losses¹ and hedging costs related to foreign exchange included in the positive spread, the company continued to adopt accounting treatments to provide or to reverse the reserve for price fluctuations corresponding to the amount of them. Thus, net income increased year on year to ¥ 63.2bn.
- Adjusted profit, the consolidated net income adjusted for the impact of the increased burden of regular policy reserves in the first year of new policies, amounted to ¥ 84.3bn.



Policy Sales [Number of Policies]

- The number of new policies for individual insurance significantly increased by 105.1% year on year due to the impact of lumpsum payment whole life insurance policies launched in January 2024, etc.
- Although the total number of policies in force decreased by 1.7% from the end of the previous fiscal year, the number of new-category policies in force remained largely unchanged, and aim for a swift turnaround and recovery in the new category.



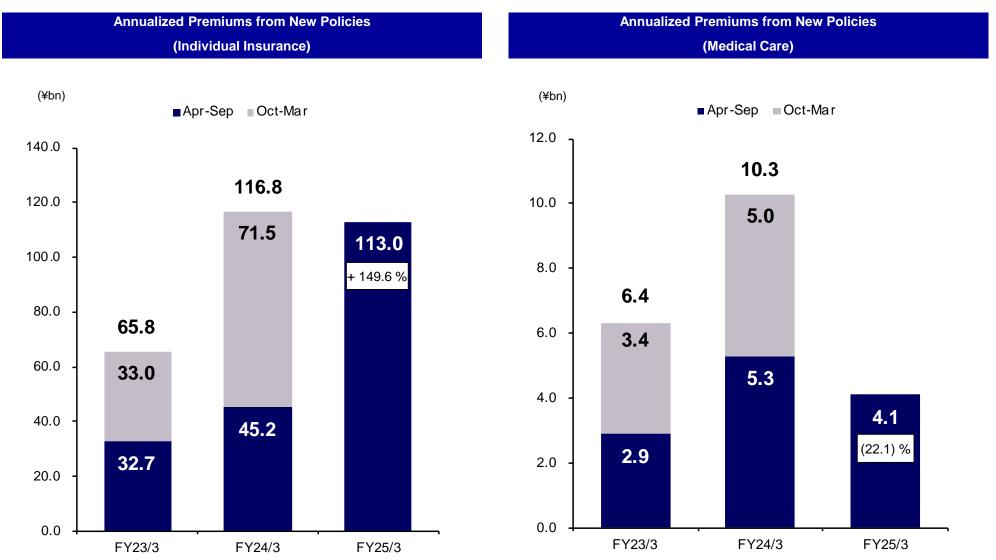
Note : "New category" shows individual insurance policies underwritten by Japan Post Insurance. "Postal Life Insurance category" shows postal life insurance policies reinsured by Japan Post Insurance from Organization for Postal Savings, Postal Life Insurance and Post Office Network.

Numbers of Surrender and Lapse (Individual Insurance)										
			(10 thou	isands)						
	FY23/3	FY24/3	FY25/3							
Full year	42.7	38.2	-							
Apr-Sep	22.0	19.7	17.7							

Note : Sum of "New category" and "Postal Life Insurance category."



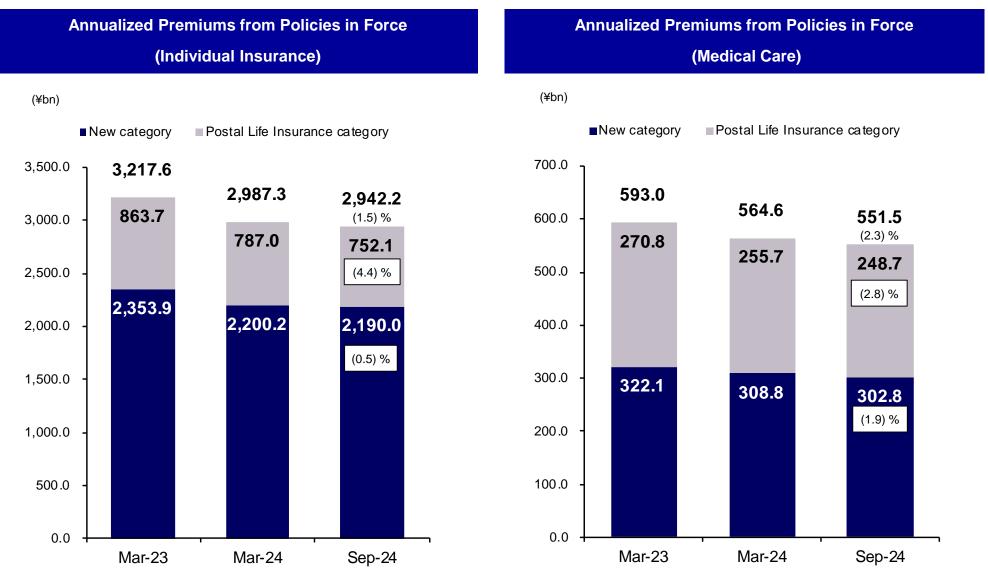
Policy Sales [Annualized Premiums from New Policies]



Note : Annualized premiums are calculated by multiplying the amount of a single premium installment payment by a multiplier determined according to the relevant payment method to arrive at a single annualized amount. (For lump-sum payments, annualized premiums are calculated by dividing the total premium by the insured period.) Medical care corresponds to medical and living benefits, etc. Annualized premiums (individual insurance) include the premiums for medical care related to individual insurance.

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Policy Sales [Annualized Premiums from Policies in Force]

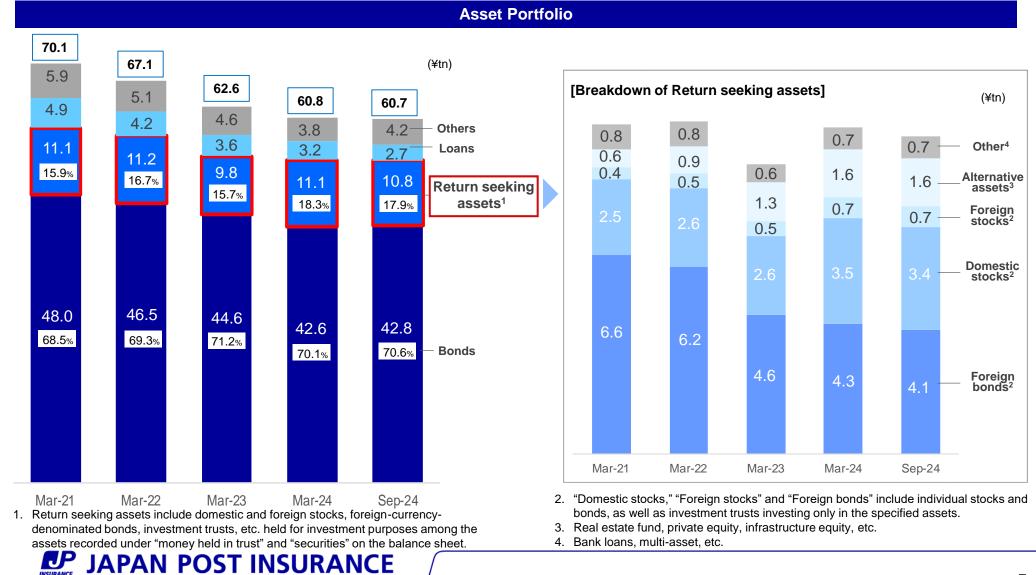


Note: "New category" shows individual insurance policies underwritten by Japan Post Insurance. "Postal Life Insurance category" shows postal life insurance policies reinsured by Japan Post Insurance from Organization for Postal Savings, Postal Life Insurance and Post Office Network.

Investments [Asset Portfolio]

■ The total assets amounted to ¥ 60.7tn, largely unchanged from the end of the previous fiscal year.

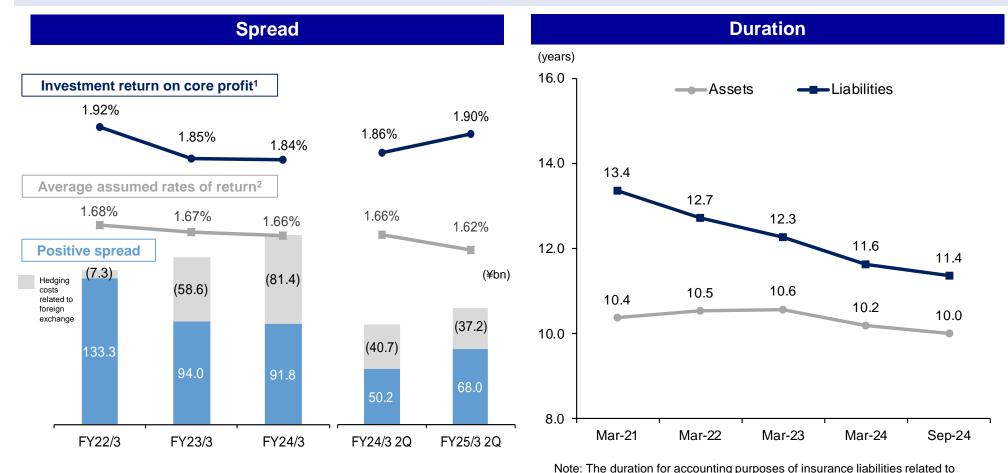
The amount of return seeking assets was ¥ 10.8tn, which accounts for 17.9% of total assets and signifies a decrease in both the amount and relative proportion.



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Spread and Duration

- For the six months ended September 30, 2024, average assumed rates of return was 1.62%, and the investment return on core profit was 1.90%. As a result, a positive spread of ¥ 68.0bn (+ ¥ 17.8bn year on year) was achieved.
- The duration was 10.0 years for assets and 11.4 years for liabilities. The duration gap remained flat compared to the end of the previous fiscal year.



1. Investment return on core profit is the return with respect to earned policy reserves.

2. Average assumed rates of return are the assumed return on general account policy reserves.

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individual insurance and individual annuities and yen-denominated interest-

bearing assets.

Fair Value Information of Securities

(¥bn)

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			Mar-24			Sep-24			Change	
		Book value	Fair value	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Book value	Fair value	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Book value	Fair value	Net unrealized gains (losses)
Т	otal	51,994.6	55,314.4	3,319.8	52,326.2	54,532.1	2,205.8	331.6	(782.3)	(1,114.0)
Н	eld-to-maturity bonds	32,343.1	33,401.9	1,058.8	31,909.9	32,207.0	297.1	(433.1)	(1,194.9)	(761.7)
	olicy-reserve-matching onds	7,139.6	6,954.0	(185.5)	7,864.8	7,514.9	(349.8)	725.1	560.8	(164.3)
A	vailable-for-sale securities	12,511.8	14,958.4	2,446.5	12,551.5	14,810.1	2,258.6	39.6	(148.2)	(187.9)
	Securities etc.	8,869.3	8,800.3	(69.0)	8,813.8	8,728.6	(85.2)	(55.4)	(71.7)	(16.2)
	Bonds	3,560.1	3,329.2	(230.9)	3,491.8	3,282.0	(209.8)	(68.3)	(47.1)	21.1
	Domestic stocks	344.9	546.0	201.0	367.0	540.1	173.0	22.1	(5.8)	(27.9)
	Foreign securities	2,099.7	2,124.8	25.0	1,891.8	1,890.9	(0.8)	(207.9)	(233.9)	(25.9)
	Other securities	2,169.4	2,104.8	(64.6)	2,199.1	2,151.2	(47.9)	29.6	46.3	16.6
	Deposits etc.	694.9	695.3	0.4	863.8	864.2	0.3	168.9	168.8	(0.0)
	Money held in trust	3,642.4	6,158.0	2,515.5	3,737.6	6,081.5	2,343.9	95.1	(76.5)	(171.6)
	Domestic stocks ¹	1,497.6	3,032.3	1,534.7	1,536.3	2,933.2	1,396.9	38.6	(99.1)	(137.8)
	Foreign stocks ¹	285.2	742.2	456.9	291.1	769.6	478.5	5.9	27.4	21.5
	Foreign bonds ¹	687.1	795.4	108.2	662.1	761.3	99.1	(25.0)	(34.0)	(9.0)
	Other ²	1,172.4	1,588.0	415.6	1,248.0	1,617.3	369.3	75.5	29.2	(46.2)

Note: This table only shows securities with a fair value. It also includes the handling of securities under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

1. "Domestic stocks," "Foreign stocks" and "Foreign bonds" include individual stocks and bonds, as well as investment trusts investing only in the specified assets.

2. Cash and deposits, bank loans and alternative investment, etc.

Ex	he	ns	<u> </u>
			00

		6months ended Sep-23	6months ended Sep-24	Change	(Reference) Year ended Mar-24
0	perating expenses	213.9	211.6	(2.2)	440.3
	Commissions ¹	60.7	59.1	(1.5)	123.7
	Sales Commissions	12.0	16.1	4.0	27.1
	Maintenance Commissions	48.6	42.9	(5.6)	96.6
	Contributions ²	28.2	28.1	(0.0)	56.4
	Others	124.9	124.3	(0.6)	260.0
0	other ordinary expenses	40.1	43.2	3.0	81.3
	Depreciation and amortization	20.1	19.7	(0.4)	41.2
0	perating expenses etc	254.1	254.9	0.8	521.6

1. Commissions paid to Japan Post Co.

2. Contributions paid to Organization for Postal Savings, Postal Life Insurance and Post Office Network based on the related law.

	nternal Rese	erves			Solvency Ma	rgin Ratio	
			(¥bn				(¥br
	Mar-24	Sep-24	Provisions in the period ²			Mar-24	Sep-24
Contingency reserve	1,725.3	1,719.6	(5.6)	s	olvency Margin Ratio	1,023.2 %	1,024.8 %
Postal Life Insurance category ¹	1,283.6	1,275.9	(7.7)		Total amount of solvency margin	6,928.5	6,878.3
New category	441.6	443.6	2.0		Total amount of risk	1,354.1	1,342.3
Reserve for price fluctuations	873.7	894.2	20.4				
Postal Life Insurance category	749.9	771.9	21.9	R	eal net assets	7,736.9	6,670.1
New category	123.8	122.3	(1.4)				
Additional policy reserve	4,909.2	4,795.5	(113.7)				
Postal Life Insurance category ¹	4,907.5	4,794.2	(113.2)				
New category	1.7	1.2	(0.4)				

Note : "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the postal life insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figure after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.

1. For the Postal Life Insurance category, the Company accumulated additional policy reserves which were funded by contingency reserves at the end of March, 2021. With this operation, the Company also provided contingency reserves in excess of the statutory reserve standards in order to restore the level of them from the end of March, 2021 onward, and this operation ended before the end of June 2024...

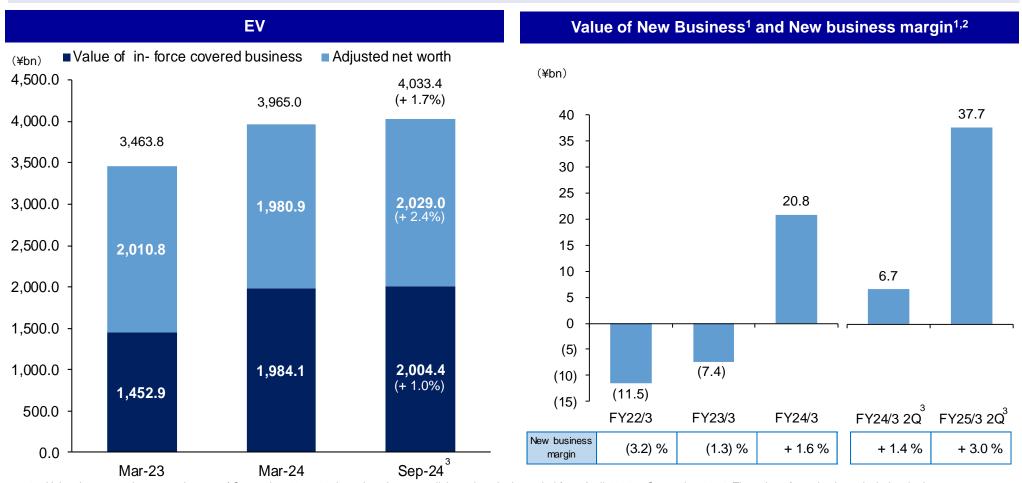
2. Plus signs indicate provisions, while brackets () indicate reversals.

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Embedded Value

EV as of September 30, 2024 was ¥ 4,033.4bn mainly due to an increase in value of new business, etc. (+ ¥68.3bn from the end of the previous fiscal year)

The value of new business was ¥ 37.7bn due to higher interest rates and an increase of the number of new policies. (+ ¥31.0bn year on year)

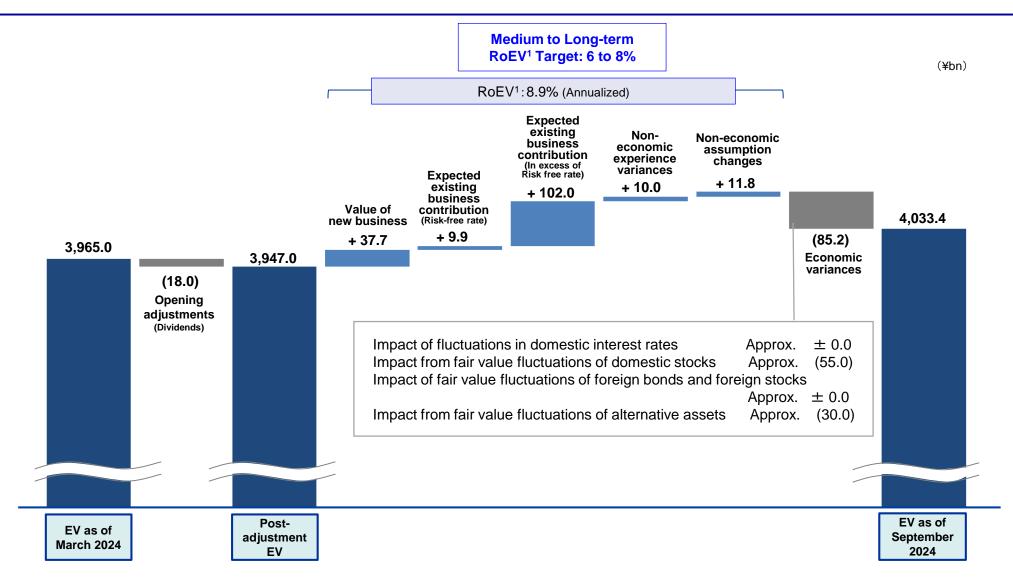


1. Using the economic assumptions as of September 30, 2024, based on the new policies written in the period from April 2024 to September 2024. The value of new business includes the increase or decrease due to conditional cancellation and conversion.

2. The value of new business divided by the present value of future premium income.

3. Provisional calculations that have not been verified by a third party.

Movement Analysis of EV



1. Calculated by excluding economic variance factors.

Note : Provisional calculations that have not been verified by a third party.

Revisions to the Forecasts for Full-year Financial Results for the Year Ending March 31, 2025 and Shareholder Return

- The full-year financial results forecast for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2025 has been revised upward, mainly due to an expected increase in investment income caused by an improvement in the market environment (see P18 for details).
- As for dividends to shareholders for FY25/3, no change is being contemplated to ¥ 104 per share as scheduled.
- As an additional measure for shareholder returns, we have decided to carry out acquisition of treasury stock not exceeding ¥ 35.0bn.

Full-year Financial Results Forecast								
				(¥bn)				
	Year ending Mar-25 (Previous forecasts)		Year ending Mar-25 (Revised forecasts)	Change				
Ordinary income	5,960.0		6,130.0	+ 170.0				
Ordinary profit	200.0		220.0	+ 20.0				
Net income ¹	79.0		120.0	+ 41.0				
Adjusted profit	Approx. 91.0		Approx. 142.0	Approx. + 51.0				
	Sharehold	der	Return					
Dividend per share (DPS)	¥ 104 (Year–end Dividend ¥ 52)		¥ 104 (Year–end Dividend ¥ 52)	_				
Acquisition of Treasury Stock								

1. Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance.

2. Including hedging costs related to foreign exchange

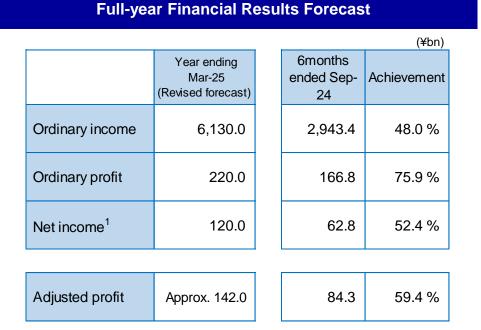
Full-year	Financial Results		isonualeu)
			(¥bn)
	Year ending Mar-25 (Previous forecasts)	Year ending Mar-25 (Revised forecasts)	Change
Core profit	Approx. 180.0	Approx. 220.0	Approx. + 40.0
Positive Spread ²	Approx. 90.0	Approx. 130.0	Approx. + 40.0

Full-year Financial Results Forecast (Non-consolidated)

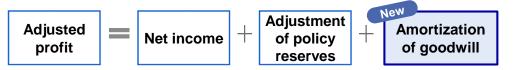
[Assumptions underlying the financial results forecast]

	Previous forecasts	Revised forecasts
Economic assumptions	As of March 31, 2024	As of September 30, 2024
Assumptions for policies in force	Approx. 880 thousand cases of new policies (individual insurance) and approx. 1,770 thousand cases of cancelled policies (individual insurance) ³	Approx. 940 thousand cases of new policies (individual insurance) and approx. 1,780 thousand cases of cancelled policies (individual insurance) ³

3. The numbers of cancelled policies are the sum of death, maturity, surrender and lapse. Also include postal life insurance policies.



[Definition of adjusted profit (introduced from FY25/3)]



- In order to partially adjust for the effect unique to life insurance companies whose net income is reduced in the short term as new policies increase, from FY25/3 we implement changes that positions adjusted profit as a source of shareholder return, taking into account the adjustment for the increased burden of regular policy reserves in the first year of new policies (after tax).
- We will recognize goodwill from our investment in Daiwa Asset Management Co. Ltd. from FY25/3 3Q. The definition of adjusted profit has been revised to add back the amortization of this goodwill (see P19 for details).

Full-year Financial Results Forecast (non-consolidated)

(¥bn)

		Year ending Mar-25 (Revised forecast)	6months ended Sep- 24	Achievement
Core	e profit	Approx. 220.0	116.2	52.8 %
Positive spread ²		Approx. 130.0	68.0	52.4 %

1. Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance.

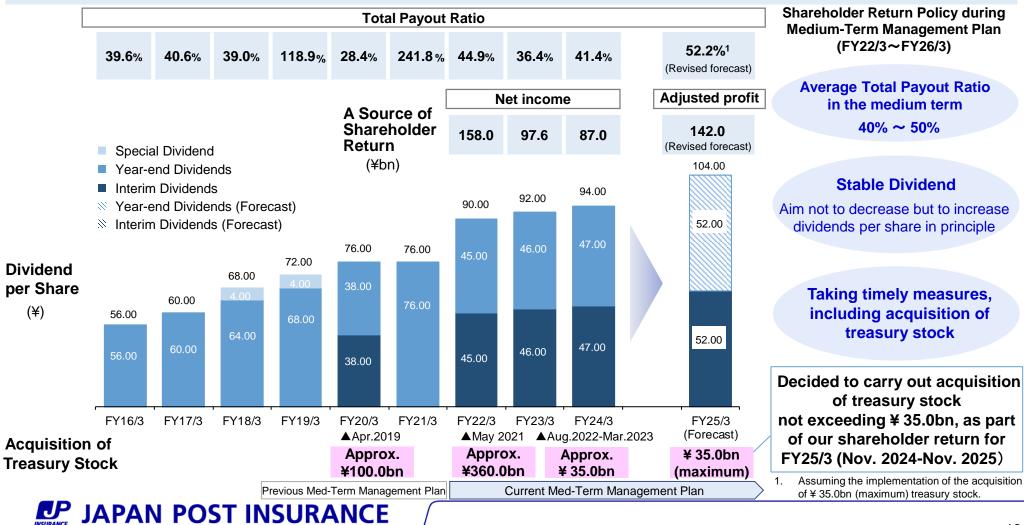
2. Includes hedging costs related to foreign exchange.

[Assumptions underlying the revised financial results forecast]

- For hedging costs related to foreign exchange, it is assumed they will trend in line with the implied forward rate as of September 30, 2024.
- For domestic and foreign interest rates, foreign exchange and stock price, it is assumed they will follow the trend as of September 30, 2024. (USD/JPY 142.7 yen, Nikkei Stock Average 37,920 yen)
- Approximately 940 thousand cases of new policies (individual insurance) and approximately 1,780 thousand cases of cancelled policies (individual insurance)³ assumed.
- 3. The numbers of cancelled policies are the sum of death, maturity, surrender and lapse. Also include postal life insurance policies.

Shareholder Return

- In accordance with the shareholder return policies during the period of the Medium-term Management Plan, we provide returns to shareholders. We implement "adjusted profit" from FY25/3 and provide stable returns to shareholders by treating adjusted profit as a source of shareholder return.
- As for dividends to shareholders for FY25/3, no change is being contemplated to ¥ 104 per share as scheduled.
- We have decided to carry out acquisition of treasury stock not exceeding ¥ 35.0 billion of treasury stock as an additional measure to boost shareholder returns for FY25/3.



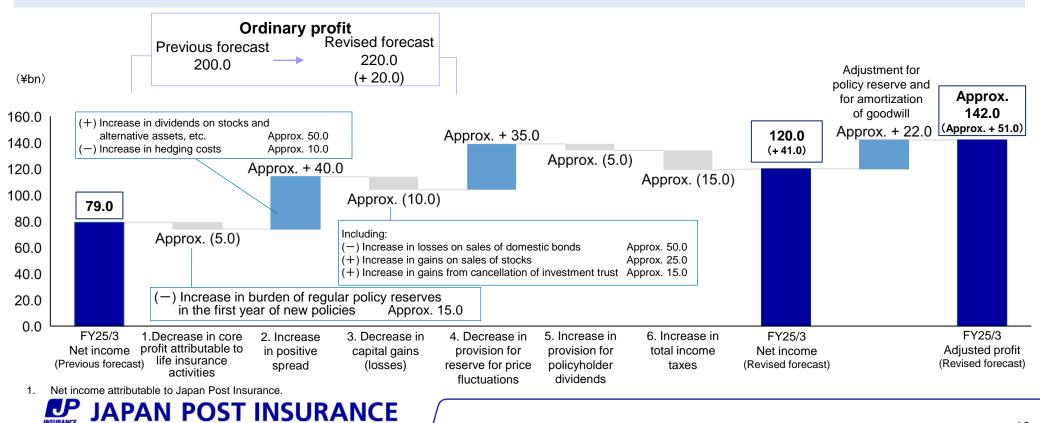
APPENDIX

Revisions to the Forecasts for Full-year Financial Results for the Year Ending March 31, 2025 (Factors for changes from previous forecasts)

- Revised forecast for ordinary profit upward from ¥200.0bn to ¥220.0bn due to factors 1) to 3).
- Revised forecast for net income¹ upward from ¥79.0bn to ¥120.0bn due to factors 4) to 6) in addition to the factors above.
- Revised forecast for adjusted profit upward from approx. ¥91.0bn to approx. ¥142.0bn after applying adjustment for policy reserve and for amortization of goodwill to net income.

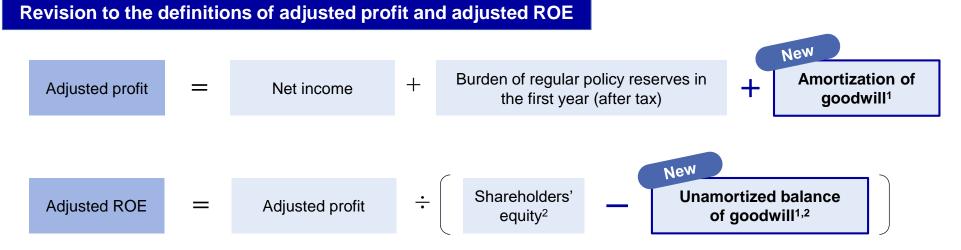
[Reasons for the revision]

- 1) Decrease in core profit attributable to life insurance activities resulting from the impact from an increase in new policies, mainly due to the sale of lump-sum payment whole life insurance policies
- 2) Increase in positive spread
- 3) Decrease in capital gains (losses)
- 4) Decrease in provision for reserve for price fluctuations
- 5) Increase in provision for policyholder dividends
- 6) Increase in total income taxes



Revision to the Definitions of Adjusted Profit and Adjusted ROE

- Payment for the investment in Daiwa Asset Management Co. Ltd. (capital increase through third-party allotment), announced on May 15, 2024, was completed in October 2024. As a result, we will recognize goodwill from FY25/3 3Q.
- We will adjust for the effect of amortization of goodwill to reflect the Company's intrinsic earning capacity. Specifically, we will add back the amount of amortization of goodwill deducted from net income. We will also deduct the unamortized balance of goodwill from the denominator of adjusted ROE.
- We will implement stable shareholder returns funded by adjusted profit, aiming to enhance corporate value.



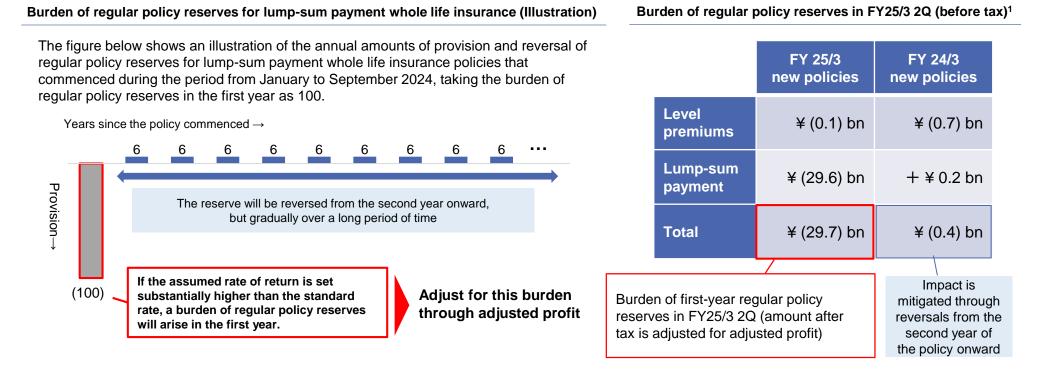
1. Goodwill associated with the investment in Daiwa Asset Management Co. Ltd. will be recognized from FY25/3 3Q 2. Average

<Reference: Revision to the definition of the source for shareholder returns>

From FY25/3, we have introduced adjusted profit, which has been adjusted by adding back the burden of regular policy reserves in the first year of new policies (after tax), as the source for shareholder returns, to partially adjust for the characteristics of a life insurance company, where an increase in new policies may cause downward pressure on profits in the short term.

[Reference] Adjustment Concerning the Burden of Regular Policy Reserves

- As part of our initiatives under the Medium-term Management Plan, we aim to increase the appeal of savings-type products (revise the assumed rates of return) in tune with rising interest rates and other external factors, to retain and expand the number of customers.
- If the assumed rate of return is set substantially higher than the standard rate, the burden of regular policy reserves in the first year may cause downward pressure on consolidated net income in the short term. We will adjust for this impact to ensure stable shareholder returns.



Note: The figure above has been prepared based on a standard rate (0.75%) and the Company's assumed rate (0.95%) for lump-sum payment whole life insurance for January to September, 2024.

1. This represents the burden of regular policy reserves (before tax) in FY25/3 2Q for new policies that commenced in each year. Positive numbers indicate the reversal and negative numbers indicate the provision of policy reserves.

[Reference] Calculation Method and Level of the Standard Rate of Return

• The method used to calculate the standard rate of return is presented in the table below.

Standard rate¹ and the Company's assumed rate

		Record dates and	Level	Current level of the		
	Basic rate ^{2,3}	dates of application	Until September 2024	October 2024 onward	Company's assumed rate	
Lump-sum payment whole life insurance, etc.	 Lower of: The mean of the "average distribution yield on 10-year government bonds during the past three months" and the "average distribution yield on 20-year government bonds during the past three months" The mean of the "average distribution yield on 10-year government bonds during the past year" and the "average distribution yield on 20-year government bonds during the past year" 	Record dates: January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1 Dates of application: Three months after each record date	0.75%	1.00%	0.95%	
Level premium insurance, etc.	 Lower of: The "average yield to subscribers on 10-year government bonds during the past three years" The "average yield to subscribers on 10-year government bonds during the past ten years" 	Record date: October 1 Date of application: April 1 in the year following the record date	0.2	5%	0.50% For zero-dividend policies: 0.55%	

1. Accumulation rate for policy reserves based on Public Notice No. 48 issued by the Ministry of Finance in 1996.

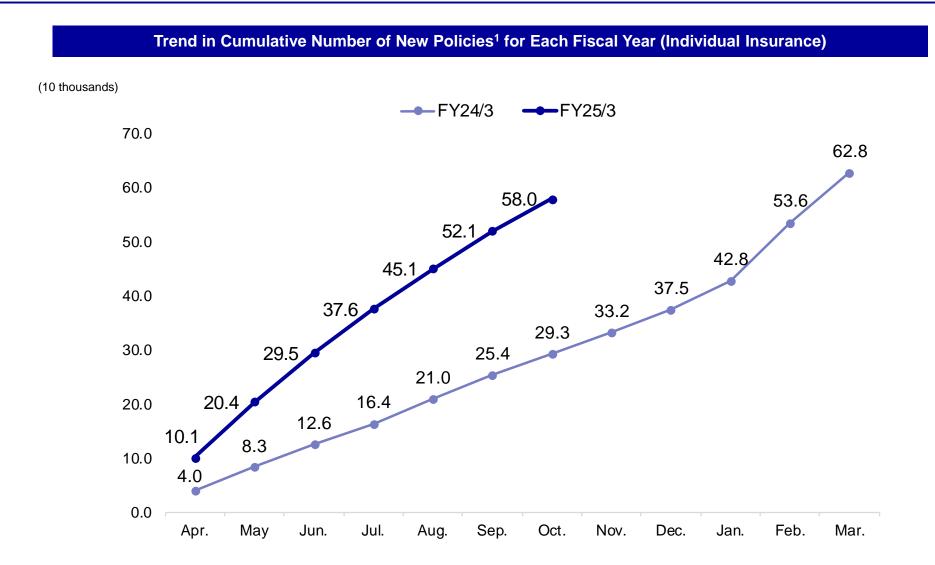
2. The basic rate is calculated using the stability coefficient designated in the Pubic Notice, based on the rate in the table above.

3. If the basic rate and the standard rate applied on the record date differ by 0.25% or more in the case of lump-sum payment products, or 0.50% or more in the case of level premium products, the standard rate for the date of application onward is revised to the multiple of 0.25% that is closest in value to the basic rate.

Overview of Balance Sheets

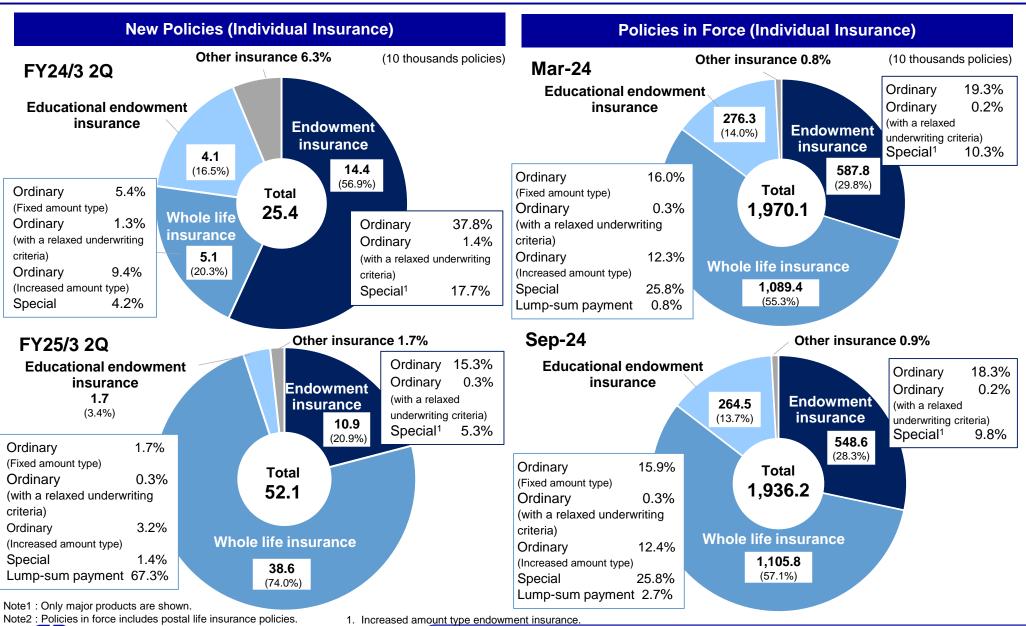
	Mar-24	Sep-24	Change			Mar-24	Sep-24	Change
Total Assets	60,855.8	60,774.1	(81.7)	To	tal Liabilities	57,460.1	57,471.0	10.8
	00,000.0	00,774.1	(01.7)		Policy reserves	50,512.7	50,152.4	(360.2)
Cash and deposits	1,157.3	1,651.3	494.0		Contingency reserve	1,725.3	1,719.6	(5.6)
					Additional policy reserve	4,909.2	4,795.5	(113.7)
Money held in trust	6,271.4	6,202.2	(69.1)		Bonds payable	400.0	500.0	100.0
Securities	47,693.8	47,774.6	80.8		Reserve for price fluctuations	873.7	894.2	20.4
	11,000.0		00.0	Ne	t assets	3,395.7	3,303.1	(92.6)
Loans	3,281.3	2,793.7	(487.6)		Total shareholders'equity	1,622.0	1,666.9	44.9
					Capital stock	500.0	500.0	-
Tangible fixed assets	136.9	140.0	3.1		Capital surplus	405.0	405.0	-
	07.0	400.4	10.0		Retained earnings	717.9	762.8	44.8
Intangible fixed assets	97.8	108.4	10.6		Treasury stock	(0.9)	(0.9)	0.0
Deferred tax assets	636.6	690.2	53.5		Total accumulated other comprehensive income	1,773.6	1,636.1	(137.5)

Note: Only major line items are shown.

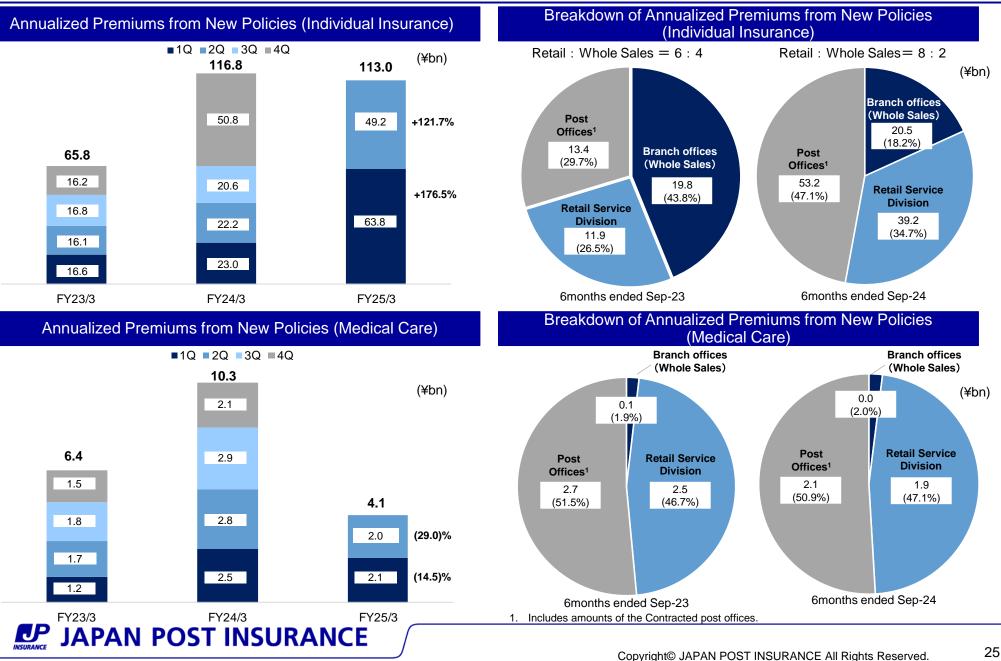


1. The number of new policies includes policies after conversion and excludes renewed policies.

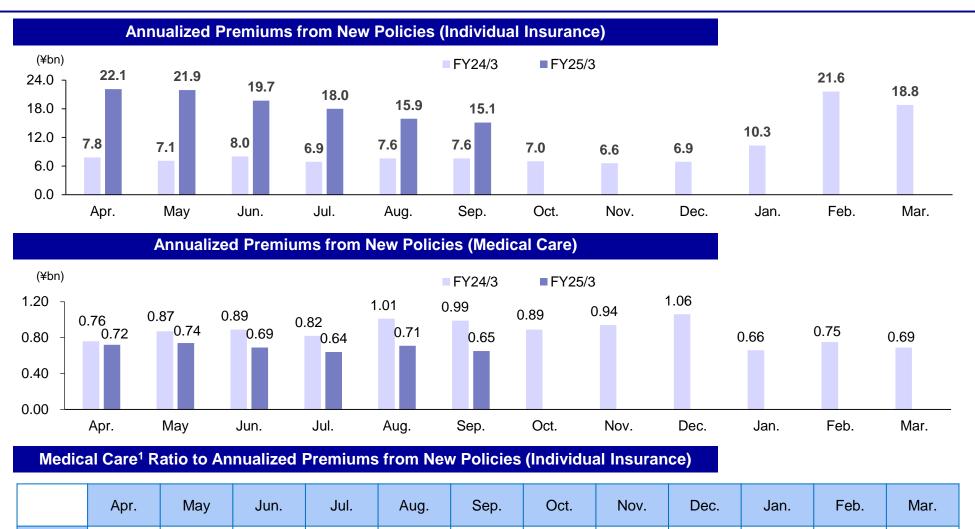
Breakdown of Number of Policies by Product



Annualized Premiums from New Policies (Quarterly Change and Breakdown by Sales channel)



Monthly Change of Annualized Premiums from New Policies



13.0 %

4.3%

12.6 %

-

14.2 %

-

15.3 %

-

1. Only for the premiums for medical care related to individual insurance.

11.1 %

3.5 %

11.8 %

3.6%

13.4 %

4.5%

12.2 %

3.4 %

FY24/3

FY25/3

9.7 %

3.3 %

3.5 %

-

3.7 %

-

6.5 %

-

Interest, Dividends and Other Income and Capital gains(losses)

Interest, Dividends and Other Income

				_	(¥b	n)		
		6months ended Sep-23	6months ended Sep-24		(Reference) Year ended Mar-24			
Ir	vestment income	619.4	641.2		1,211.5		С	apital gair
	Interest, dividends and other income	439.3	446.1		865.2			Gains or Gains or Bonds
	Interest on deposits	0.0	0.5		0.0			Domes
	Interest and dividends on securities	402.5	415.2		793.7			Foreig Gains or financial
	Interest on corporate and government bonds	344.7	335.8		685.4			Gains or Other ca
	Domestic stock dividends	5.5	6.9		11.9		С	apital loss
	Interest and dividends on foreign securities	43.7	37.7		81.5			Losses of Losses of Bonds
	Others	8.4	34.6		14.8			Domes
	Interest on loans	6.5	6.2		12.9			Foreig Other s
	Interest on loans to the Management Organization	25.5	20.2		48.3			Losses of financial
	Rent revenue from real estate	-	-		-			Losses o
	Interest and dividends on others	4.6	3.7		10.0			Other ca
			5.7				N	et Capital

Capital gains(losses)

(¥bn)

				(1
e) ed		6months ended Sep-23	6months ended Sep-24	(Reference) Year ended Mar-24	
5	Capital gains	220.8	255.2	427.6	
_	Gains on money held in trust	107.2	112.6	181.4	
2	Gains on sales of securities	58.9	64.1	151.1	
_	Bonds	-	-	22.1	
0	Domestic stocks	9.2	12.4	14.3	
	Foreigin securities	49.6	51.6	114.5	
7	Gains on derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	
	Gains on foreign exchanges	13.9	18.2	13.5	
.4	Other capital gains ¹	40.7	60.1	81.4	
9	Capital losses	(215.0)	(210.1)	(417.5)	
9	Losses on money held in trust	-	-	-	
5	Losses on sales of securities	(85.5)	(91.0)	(177.7)	
.0	Bonds	(24.2)	(77.6)	(57.3)	
8	Domestic stocks	(2.2)	(0.6)	(4.4)	
	Foreigin securities	(59.0)	(12.7)	(115.8)	
9	Other securities	-	-	-	
	Losses on valuation of securities	-	-	(0.0)	
3	Losses on derivative financial instruments	(52.3)	(37.8)	(95.8)	
-	Losses on foreign exchanges	_	-	_	
	Other capital losses ²	(77.2)	(81.2)	(143.9)	
0	Net Capital gains(losses)	5.7	45.0	10.0	
noo coll motor	ial disclosed on May 15, 2024				

Note: "Invest, dividends and other income" is calculated on consolidated basis from the conference call material disclosed on May 15, 2024.

1. Amount equivalent to hedging cost related to foreign exchange and gains from cancellation of investment trust (excluding gains from cancellation of investment trusts held as "money held in trust") is recognized as "Other capital gains."

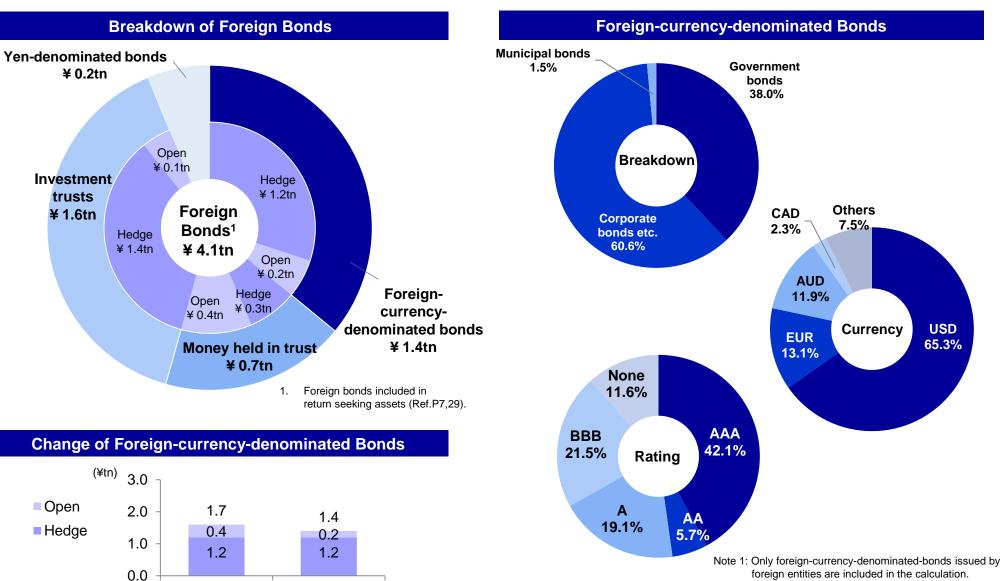
2. Amount equivalent to income gains associated with money held in trust is recognized as "Other capital losses."

Exposure to Foreign Bonds (as of September 30, 2024)

Mar-24

JAPAN POST INSURANCE

Sep-24



Note 2: Issuer Ratings by Moody's are indicated.

Investments [Asset Portfolio]

					Asset	Portfolio)					
_												(¥bn)
		Mar	-21	Mar	-22	Mar	-23	Mar	-24	Sep	-24	Change
		Amount	Share	Amount	Share	Amount	Share	Amount	Share	Amount	Share	Change
	Bonds	48,088.2	68.5%	46,563.5	69.3%	44,613.8	71.2%	42,644.2	70.1 %	42,886.7	70.6 %	242.4
	Japanese government bonds	37,345.6	53.2%	37,408.9	55.7%	37,114.6	59.2%	36,037.5	59.2 %	36,522.9	60.1 %	485.3
	Japanese local government bonds	5,583.9	8.0%	4,462.6	6.6%	3,390.6	5.4%	2,623.9	4.3 %	2,319.0	3.8 %	(304.8)
	Japanese corporate bonds	5,158.5	7.4%	4,691.8	7.0%	4,108.5	6.6%	3,982.7	6.5 %	4,044.7	6.7 %	61.9
	Return seeking assets ¹	11,181.2	15.9%	11,228.3	16.7%	9,830.4	15.7%	11,113.6	18.3 %	10,851.1	17.9 %	(262.4)
	Domestic stocks ²	2,514.2	3.6%	2,614.5	3.9%	2,608.4	4.2%	3,590.7	5.9 %	3,486.4	5.7 %	(104.3)
	Foreign stocks ²	489.5	0.7%	586.1	0.9%	534.5	0.9%	742.2	1.2 %	769.6	1.3 %	27.4
	Foreign bonds ²	6,606.7	9.4%	6,279.9	9.3%	4,680.3	7.5%	4,388.2	7.2 %	4,136.8	6.8 %	(251.3)
	Other ³	1,570.6	2.2%	1,747.7	2.6%	2,007.0	3.2%	2,392.3	3.9 %	2,458.2	4.0 %	65.8
	Alternative assets ⁴	682.2	1.0%	914.9	1.4%	1,313.6	2.1%	1,659.4	2.7 %	1,689.5	2.8 %	30.1
	Loans	4,964.0	7.1%	4,251.9	6.3%	3,605.8	5.8%	3,281.3	5.4 %	2,793.7	4.6 %	(487.6)
	Others	5,939.4	8.5%	5,130.9	7.6%	4,637.2	7.4%	3,816.7	6.3 %	4,242.5	7.0 %	425.7
	Cash and deposits, call loans	1,465.0	2.1%	1,310.7	2.0%	1,476.5	2.4%	1,197.3	2.0 %	1,681.3	2.8 %	484.0
	Receivables under resale agreements ⁵ Receivables under	-	-	2,120.1	3.2%	1,384.7	2.2%	1,047.1	1.7 %	945.6	1.6 %	(101.5)
	securities borrowing transactions ⁵	2,585.0	3.7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total assets	70,172.9	100.0%	67,174.7	100.0%	62,687.3	100.0%	60,855.8	100.0 %	60,774.1	100.0 %	(81.7)

1. Return seeking assets include domestic and foreign stocks, foreign-currency-denominated bonds, investment trusts, etc. held for investment purposes among the assets recorded under "money held in trust" and "securities" on the balance sheet. 2. "Domestic stocks," "Foreign stocks" and "Foreign bonds" include individual stocks and bonds, as well as investment trusts investing only in the specified assets.

3. Bank loans, multi-asset, alternative investment (real estate fund, private equity, infrastructure equity, etc.), etc.

4. From FY23/3, based on the adoption of "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement," fair value of an investment trust that has no market transaction price is determined by assuming its net asset value as its fair value.

5. In short-term financial market transactions, repo transactions with cash collateral (account title: receivables under securities borrowing transactions) will transition to new transactions with resale agreement (account title: receivables under resale agreements).

Fluctuations of Interest Rates (EV Assumptions)¹

4.5% Sep-24 4.0% 3.5% Mar-24 3.0% Mar-23 2.5% 2.0% 1.5% 1.0% 0.5% 0.0% (years) (0.5)% 0 10 20 30

Forward Rate (Mar-23 to Sep-24)

	Mar-23	Mar-24	Sep-24 ^②
10 years	1.056 %	1.698 %	2.093 %
20 years	1.967 %	2.610 %	2.966 %
30 years	2.153 %	3.374 %	4.337 %

Forward Rate

Note: The economic assumptions used for the calculation of EV and the value of new business are as follows:

EV as of March 31, 2024 : (1) Value of new business for FY25/3 2Q : (2)

EV as of September 30, 2024 : 2

1. Interest rates used herein (assumptions for EV) are forward rates calculated based on the market yields on JGBs announced by the Ministry of Finance, Japan.

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Sensitivity Analysis of EV

Sensitivity to Economic Assump	otions (EV)			(¥bn)
Assumptions	EV	Change (%)	Adjusted net worth	Value of in-force covered business
50bp increase in risk-free rate of domestic interest rates ^{1,2}	3,964.1	(69.3) ((1.7) %)	2,013.1	1,950.9
50bp decrease in risk-free rate of domestic interest rates (parallel shift without zero floor) ^{1,2}	4,087.8	+ 54.4 (+ 1.3 %)	2,046.4	2,041.3
50bp increase in risk-free rate of foreign interest rates ^{1,2}	3,970.2	(63.1) ((1.6) %)	2,021.8	1,948.4
50bp decrease in risk-free rate of foreign interest rates (parallel shift without zero floor) ^{1,2}	4,098.3	+ 64.9 (+ 1.6 %)	2,036.2	2,062.1
10% decrease in equity and real estate value ^{1,2}	3,852.1	(181.2) ((4.5) %)	2,019.8	1,832.3
10% appreciation of the yen ^{1,2}	3,950.9	(82.4) ((2.0) %)	2,027.5	1,923.3
Sensitivity to Non-economic Assu	motions (E\/)			()(h.m.)

Sensitivity to Non-economic Assumptions (EV)

Assumptions	EV	Change (%)
Future volume of policies in force is 105% of the level assumed in the calculation of EV as of March 31, 2024 ^{1,2}	4,086.5	+ 53.1 (+ 1.3 %)
10% decrease in maintenance expenses ^{1,2}	4,206.8	+ 173.3 (+ 4.3 %)

Sensitivity to Economic Assumptions (Value of New Business)

Assumptions	Value of New Business	Change (%)
50bp increase in risk-free rate ^{1,2}	70.4	+ 32.6 (+ 86.4 %)
50bp decrease in risk-free rate (parallel shift without zero floor) ^{1,2}	(2.7)	(40.5) ((107.3) %)

1. 2.

Provisional calculations that have not been verified by a third party. For each sensitivity scenario, only one specific assumption is changed and other assumptions remain unchanged from the base. It should be noted that the effect of a change of more than one assumption at a time is likely to be different from the sum of the relevant individual sensitivity results shown.

(¥bn)

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Adjusted net worth	Value of in- force covered business
2,029.0	2,057.5
2,029.0	2,177.7

(¥bn)

New and Postal Life Insurance Category in the Statement of Income (Non-consolidated)

(¥bn)

	FY2	1/3	FY2	2/3	FY2	3/3	FY2	4/3	FY24/	/3 2Q	FY25/	3 2Q
	New	Postal Life										
Ordinary income	3,591.8	3,194.6	3,462.1	2,992.1	3,580.7	2,805.9	3,383.3	3,362.3	1,782.3	1,335.1	2,080.9	1,317.4
Insurance premiums and others	2,333.7	364.1	2,132.1	286.8	1,978.3	222.6	2,312.2	171.7	1,006.1	90.7	1,806.1	81.7
Investment income	448.4	673.6	460.6	688.6	488.5	670.8	433.1	779.8	231.6	389.2	252.4	388.8
Other ordinary income	809.7	2,156.8	869.3	2,016.6	1,113.8	1,912.4	637.9	2,410.7	544.4	855.1	22.3	846.7
Ordinary expenses	3,329.3	3,112.2	3,215.3	2,883.2	3,533.5	2,735.4	3,322.6	3,260.4	1,728.1	1,289.1	2,004.9	1,226.4
Insurance claims and others	2,925.4	2,940.6	2,831.7	2,717.5	2,952.6	2,535.3	2,821.1	2,957.4	1,477.4	1,140.8	1,330.8	1,055.3
Provision for policy reserves and others	0.0	-	0.0	-	14.5	-	0.0	0.1	2.0	0.0	454.8	0.3
Investment expenses	59.5	11.7	56.5	13.3	207.8	39.0	147.6	135.1	75.6	66.8	49.9	85.2
Operating expenses	275.4	126.6	263.0	121.5	306.6	137.5	298.6	139.8	145.4	68.0	140.1	70.7
Other ordinary expenses	68.9	33.2	64.0	30.7	51.8	23.6	55.0	27.9	27.5	13.4	29.0	14.8
Ordinary profit	262.5	82.4	246.7	108.9	47.1	70.4	60.7	101.8	54.2	45.9	75.9	90.9
Extraordinary gains and losses ¹	(23.6)	(23.1)	(22.3)	(40.0)	98.4	(16.1)	54.6	(38.6)	19.6	(12.5)	1.3	(21.9)
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	18.7	46.7	18.2	54.8	18.3	43.6	9.0	46.8	8.1	26.2	4.5	52.8
Income before income taxes	220.2	12.6	206.1	14.0	127.2	10.6	106.3	16.2	65.7	7.1	72.8	16.2
Total income taxes	61.1	6.0	57.3	4.9	36.4	3.6	28.7	5.3	18.9	2.4	21.1	4.5
Net income	159.0	6.5	148.7	9.1	90.8	6.9	77.6	10.9	46.7	4.6	51.6	11.6

Note 1: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the Postal Life Insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figure after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.

Note 2: Regarding some of the line items, adjustments are made if the resulting number for the new category is negative when the Postal Life Insurance category is subtracted from Japan Post Insurance as a whole. 1. "Extraordinary gains and losses" includes "Price fluctuations reserve, provision" and "Price fluctuations reserve, reversal."

Figures by New and Postal Life Insurance Categories (Non-Consolidated)

		FY21/3	FY22/3	FY23/3	FY24/3	FY24/3 2Q	FY25/3 2Q
Total assets	¥mn	70,173,857	67,174,848	62,685,230	60,857,090	61,585,915	60,775,958
Postal Life Insurance category		37,815,270	35,929,138	33,692,133	32,404,929	33,398,736	31,375,101
New category		32,358,586	31,245,710	28,993,096	28,452,160	28,187,178	29,400,856
Number of policies in force	(000)	24,837	22,802	20,987	19,701	20,246	19,362
Postal Life Insurance category (insurance)		8,944	8,061	7,265	6,605	6,942	6,312
New category (individual insurance)		15,893	14,740	13,722	13,095	13,304	13,049
Numbers of new policies (individual insurance)	(000)	124	173	314	628	254	521
Numbers of cancelled policies ¹	(000)	2,357	2,209	2,128	1,915	996	860
Postal Life Insurance category (insurance)		962	882	796	659	323	292
New category (individual insurance)		1,394	1,326	1,332	1,255	672	568
Contingency reserve (reversal) provision ²	¥mn	(186,023)	79,651	10,883	23,457	37,275	(5,691)
Postal Life Insurance category		(191,014)	73,581	56,976	23,462	37,502	(7,720)
New category		4,991	6,069	(46,093)	(4)	(226)	2,028
Price fluctuations reserve (reversal) provision ²	¥mn	46,477	67,789	(82,645)	(16,161)	(7,072)	20,485
Postal Life Insurance category		23,121	40,045	16,140	38,686	12,592	21,942
New category		23,355	27,743	(98,786)	(54,848)	(19,665)	(1,456)
Additional policy reserve (reversal) provision ²	¥mn	27,652	(239,366)	(245,641)	(463,738)	(117,173)	(113,751)
Postal Life Insurance category		30,553	(236,996)	(243,835)	(462,467)	(116,472)	(113,285)
New category		(2,901)	(2,369)	(1,806)	(1,271)	(700)	(466)

Note: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the Postal Life Insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figure after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.

1. From FY24/3, the company has changed the definition of "numbers of cancelled policies" from "the sum of death, maturity, surrender and lapse" to "the sum of death, maturity, surrender and lapse, and other decreases (mainly the sum of cancellations, invalidations, and rescissions)." Figures for the numbers of cancelled policies from FY21/3 onward in this document are based on the revised definition.

2. Plus signs indicate provisions, while brackets () indicate reversals.

Key Financial Indicators

					(¥bn)	
	FY21/3	FY22/3	FY23/3	FY24/3	FY24/3 2Q	FY25/3 2Q
Insurance premiums and others	2,697.9	2,418.9	2,200.9	2,484.0	1,096.9	1,887.9
Operating expenses etc ¹	503.5	479.0	519.7	521.6	254.1	254.9
Ordinary profit	345.7	356.1	117.5	161.1	99.3	166.8
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	65.4	73.1	62.0	55.8	34.4	57.3
Net income	166.1	158.0	97.6	87.0	50.4	62.8
Adjusted profit	-	-	-	97.6	50.6	84.3
Net assets	2,841.4	2,421.0	2,375.3	3,395.7	2,681.3	3,303.1
Total assets	70,172.9	67,174.7	62,687.3	60,855.8	61,585.4	60,774.1
Return on equity	7.0 %	6.0 %	4.1 %	3.0 %	-	-
RoEV ²	5.0 %	4.0 %	3.1 %	7.6 %	6.3 %	8.9 %
Dividends to shareholders	42.7	35.9	35.5	36.0	18.0	19.9
Share repurchase	358.8 ³	34.9 ⁴	-	-	-	-
Total return ratio	241.8 %	44.9 %	36.4 %	41.4 %	-	-
EV	4,026.2	3,618.9	3,463.8	3,965.0	3,575.5	4,033.4
Value of New Business	(12.7)	(11.5)	(7.4)	20.8	6.7	37.7
Core profit ⁵ (Non-consolidated)	421.9	429.7	192.3	224.0	131.7	116.2
Core profit attributable to life insurance activities	345.6	296.4	98.2	132.1	81.5	48.1
Spread ⁵ (positive/negative spread)	76.3	133.3	94.0	91.8	50.2	68.0

1. Sum of Operating expenses and Other ordinary expenses.

2. Calculated by excluding economic variance factors.

3. Share repurchase in May 2021.

4. Share repurchase from August 2022 to March 2023.

5. Following the partial amendment to the method for calculating core profit in FY23/3, Core profit (Non-consolidated) and Spread (positive/negative spread) are calculated by using the revised method from FY22/3 onward, as opposed to FY21/3.

<Guidance>

Various financial data (in Excel format) are available on the Company's IR website (please refer to "Investor Relations").

Performance and Financial Data

https://www.jp-life.japanpost.jp/IR/en/finance/data.html

In addition to the Balance Sheets and Income Statements, the main financial results and other financial data presented in these materials (adjusted profit, core profit, policy results, EV, etc.) are also available in Excel format from FY25/3 2Q and onward.

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The financial results forecasts and other forward-looking statements herein are based on certain assumptions deemed reasonable by Japan Post Insurance at the time of this document's disclosure. Please note that actual results may differ materially from such forward-looking statements due to various factors including changes in the operating environment, interest rates or general economic conditions or other future events and circumstances.

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